

Forward Looking Statements



This report may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, without limitation, statements with respect to the acquisition of MPG and the anticipated consequences and benefits of such acquisition and other information relating to matters that are not historical facts. These forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these statements. These risks and uncertainties include the ability to successfully operate and integrate MPG operations and realize estimated synergies, and the other factors detailed in the reports we file with the SEC, including those described under "Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this communication. We expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

It should also be noted that this presentation contains certain financial measures, including Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted free cash flow, that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. These measures are presented here to provide additional useful measurements to review our operations, provide transparency to investors and enable period-to-period comparability of financial performance. A description of non-GAAP financial measures that we use to evaluate our operations and financial performance, and reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and reported in accordance with GAAP, can be found starting on slide 28 under "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures".

Agenda



AAM's 1Q 2017 Highlights and 2017 Full Year Financial Outlook

Industry Trends and Technology Leadership

Diversification and Value Creation



AAM HIGHLIGHTS AND TARGETS

1Q 2017 AAM Highlights



10 2017 Financial Performance

\$1.05B

RECORD Quarterly Sales \$211M

20.1% of Sales

RECORD Gross Profit RECORD Gross Margin \$184M

17.5% of Sales

RECORD Adj. EBITDA* RECORD Adj. EBITDA Margin



New
Global Business
Awards



Recognized as a Supplier of the Year by General Motors

^{*} For definitions of terms, please see the attached appendix.

Completion of MPG Acquisition







Annual Revenues



90 Facilities +



Diversification

- Customer Base
- Product Portfolio
- Geographic Footprint
- Served Market
- Vehicle Segments





25,000 Associates

The acquisition of MPG was completed on April 6, 2017

AAM's Updated 2017 Financial Outlook



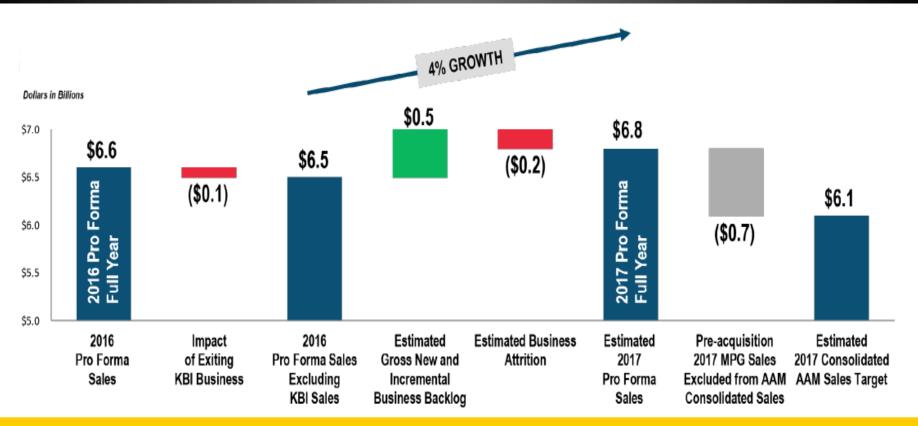
	2017 Full Year Targets		
US SAAR*	≈ 17.5 million light vehicle units		
AAM's Consolidated Sales	≈ \$6.1 Billion		
Adj. EBITDA* Margin	In the range of 17% to 18%		
Adj. Free Cash Flow*	≈ 5% of AAM's consolidated sales		
Capital Expenditures (Cap Ex)	≈ 8% of AAM's consolidated sales		

- These targets reflect the expected impact of the MPG acquisition beginning on April 6, 2017. MPG's pre-acquisition financial results from January 1, 2017 to April 5, 2017 will be excluded from AAM's 2017 financial results and are excluded from our 2017 full year outlook.
- ➤ We expect to incur significant costs and payments related to restructuring and acquisition-related activities as well as significant purchase price adjustments and related effects on the income statement during 2017. The impact of these has been excluded from our Adjusted EBITDA margin and Adjusted free cash flow targets.

We expect 2017 to exhibit continued strong margin performance and cash flow generation

2017 Sales Walkdown





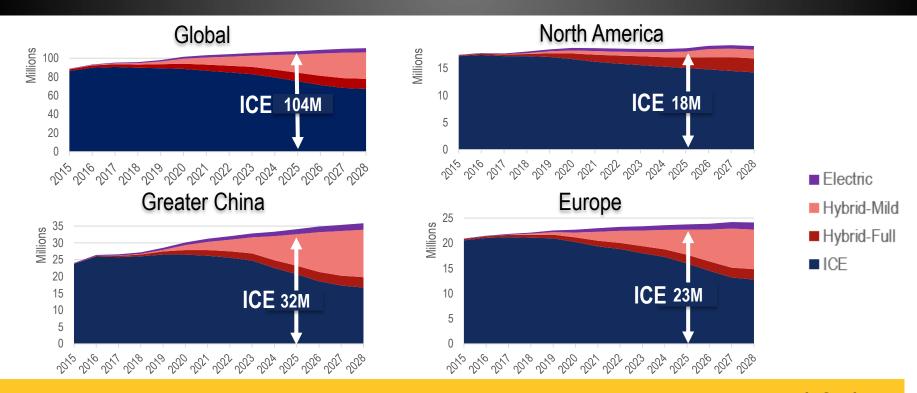
Excluding the KBI impact, AAM expects ≈4% sales growth on a pro forma basis



INDUSTRY TRENDS AND TECHNOLOGY LEADERSHIP

Powertrain Projections

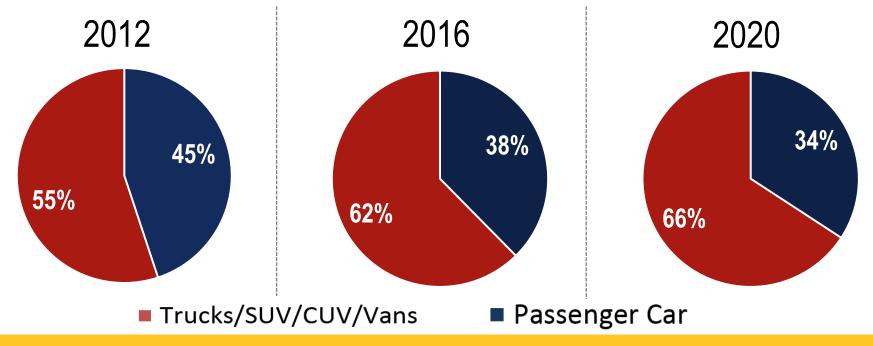




For at least the next decade, the internal combustion engine (ICE) is expected to be the main source of power for vehicles

North America Light Vehicle Production Mix





Continued strength in pickup trucks/SUVs and increasing demand for crossover vehicles is favorable for AAM

IHS Forecasts as of May 12, 2017

Technology Leadership: The Power of Innovation



GREEN and EFFICIENT

- High efficiency axle portfolio and all-new QUANTUM™ lightweight axles and drive units
- New product designs and manufacturing processes leading to light-weighting and cost savings
- Power dense technology allows forged products to maintain strength and quality within a smaller design
- Use of advanced materials

SAFETY and PERFORMANCE

- EcoTrac[®] disconnecting AWD system
- Driveshaft technologies incorporate noise, vibration, and harshness (NVH) system integration and tunable crash features
- Precision-ground gears with dampening capability improve NVH
- Vibration control systems provide solutions to offset vibration inherent in downsized engines

CONNECTIVITY and ELECTRIFICATION

- e-AAM™ hybrid & electric driveline systems
- Actuators and sensors
- Electronic LSD front-drive axles
- Integrated wheel torque distribution controls
- Fully integrated vehicle controls







EcoTrac® Disconnecting AWD Systems



EcoTrac® - utilizes electronics and connectivity to improve Fuel Economy, Safety, and Performance

KEY ATTRIBUTES

- Advanced mechatronics (motors, actuators and sensors) integrated within mechanical technology
- Disconnects at the power transfer unit (PTU), causing the driveshaft to stop spinning
- Can automatically engage when it senses AWD traction requirement

- Benefits:
 - Improved vehicle fuel economy without sacrifice in AWD functionality
 - Improved vehicle handling and safety
- Our Gen II design, which begins production in 2018, will reduce the parasitic loss associated with traditional AWD system by 90%



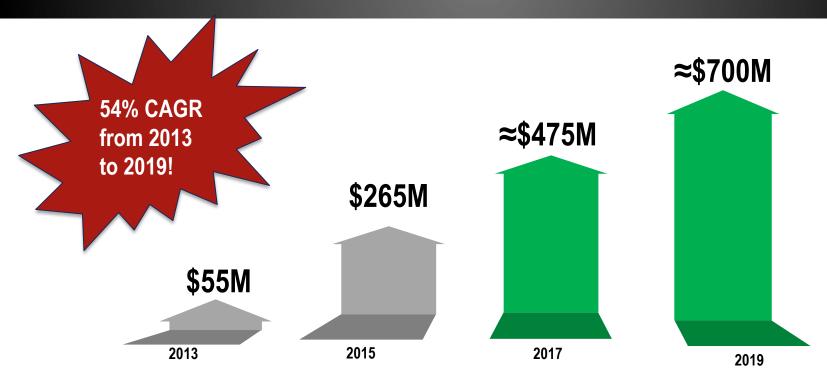


EcoTrac® Disconnecting PTU



EcoTrac® Sales Growth





Featured on three global programs by 2018

e-AAM™ Hybrid & Electric Drivelines



e-AAM[™]- AAM is well positioned to benefit from the global trend of electrification

KEY ATTRIBUTES

- Power dense design allows for easy integration for multiple vehicle platforms
- Modular solutions for passenger cars / CUVs
- Torque vectoring options provides maximum traction and ride control
- Benefits:
 - Improves fuel efficiency up to 30% and reduces CO₂ emissions
 - Improved vehicle performance and drive quality
 - Improved handling and stability





Electric Rear Drive Unit



QUANTUM[™] Technology



QUANTUM[™]- All-new, completely redesigned family of lightweight axles and drive units

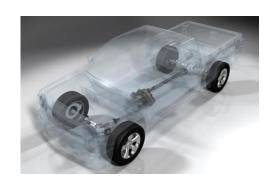
KEY ATTRIBUTES

- Industry first technology along with a revolutionary design
- Significant mass reduction (up to 35%)
- In combination, additional efficiency and weight reduction can deliver 1% to 1.5% improved vehicle fuel economy
- Scalable across multiple applications— without loss of performance or power
- Streamlined manufacturing process for key driveline components.





QUANTUM™ Rear Axle



High Performance Powertrain Components Prower Power Po



Light Weighting

Old Design

New Design



Savings:

- 40% weight savings
- 25% anticipated cost savings

Noise Reduction



Precision-ground gears with dampening capability improve NVH

Strength





New Design



Gear technology maintains strength in a smaller gear design

Vibration Control



Solutions to offset vibration inherent in downsized engines



DIVERSIFICATION AND VALUE CREATION

Comprehensive Solutions from Engine to Driveline Provent



DRIVELINE

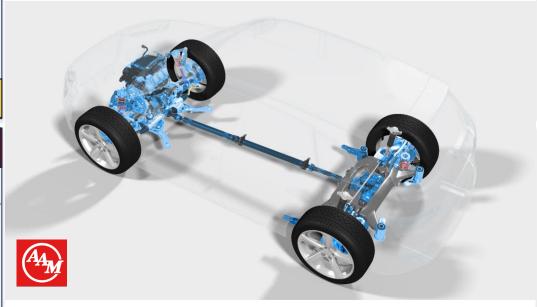
- Rear and front axles
- Rear drive modules
- Power transfer units
- **Driveshafts**
- Transfer cases
- Electric drive units

≈ \$3.7 billion

METAL FORMING

- Ring / pinion gears
- Axle / transmission shafts
- **Differential gears**
- **Transmission gears**
- **Suspension components**

Our diverse product portfolio and technologies provide continued growth and exciting cross-selling opportunities



CASTINGS

- **Axle carriers**
- Differential cases
- Steering knuckles
- Control arms
- **Turbo charger housings**
- **Brackets**

≈ \$800 million

POWERTRAIN

- Transmission module and differential assemblies
- Aluminum valve bodies
- Vibration control systems
- **Connecting rods**
- **VVT** products

≈ \$1.5 billion

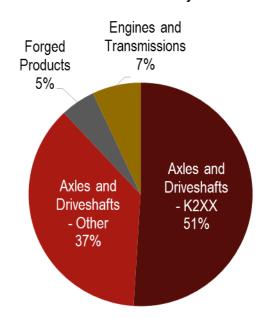
≈ \$1.1 billion

Expanded Product Portfolio

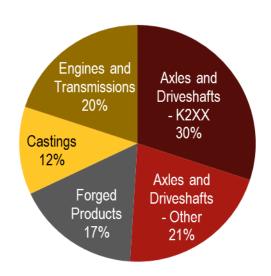


- Diverse product offerings across engine, transmission, driveline, and safety-critical applications
- Expanded reach into commercial vehicle and industrial equipment markets
- Reduced reliance on GM's fullsize truck and SUV products

AAM 2016 External Sales by Product



Pro forma 2016 External Sales by Product (including impact of MPG acquisition)











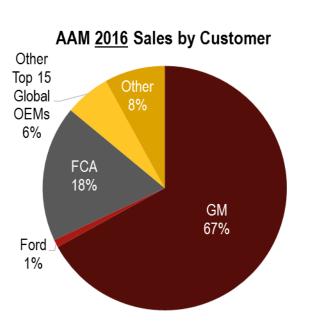


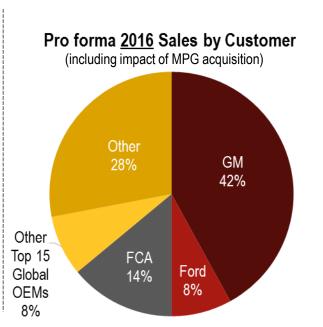


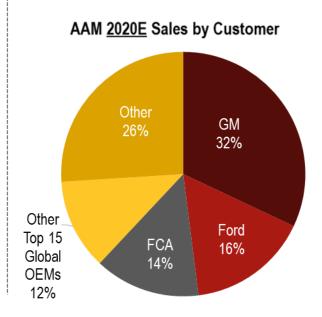


Accelerated Customer Diversification































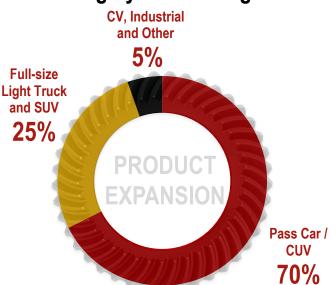
AAM's Gross New and Incremental Business Backlog



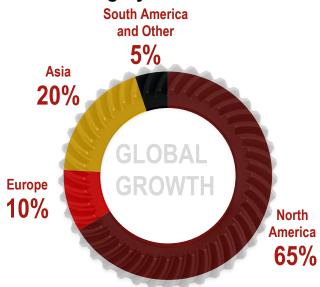
\$1.5 BILLION: 2017-2019

As presented on a gross basis as of May 5, 2017





Backlog by Global Market



Over 70% relates to Non-GM business



Sources of Cost Savings

Targeted Annual Profit Impact

Overhead

- Optimize operating structure
- Elimination of redundant public company costs

≈ \$45 - \$50 million

Purchasing

- Combine global purchasing to leverage larger scale
- Direct and indirect material opportunities
- Insourcing initiatives

Other Cost Savings

- Manufacturing initiatives
- Plant loading optimization / facility rationalization

≈ \$45 - \$50 million

≈ \$10 - \$20 million

Total Targeted Annual Improvement

≈ \$100 - \$120 million

Timing and **Cost to Achieve**

Targeting 70% of expected annual run rate savings by the end of the first full year and 100% in the second full year

We estimate the costs required to achieve our synergy plan are approximately equal to one year of savings

Pro Forma Debt Reduction Target



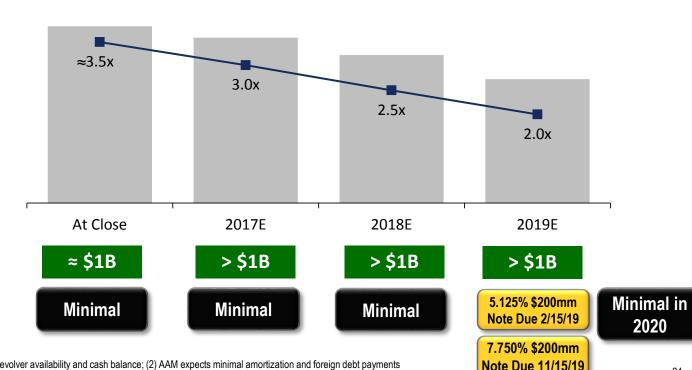
As presented on November 17, 2016

Pro Forma Net Debt* and Net Leverage Ratio*

Liquidity⁽¹⁾

Debt Maturities⁽²⁾



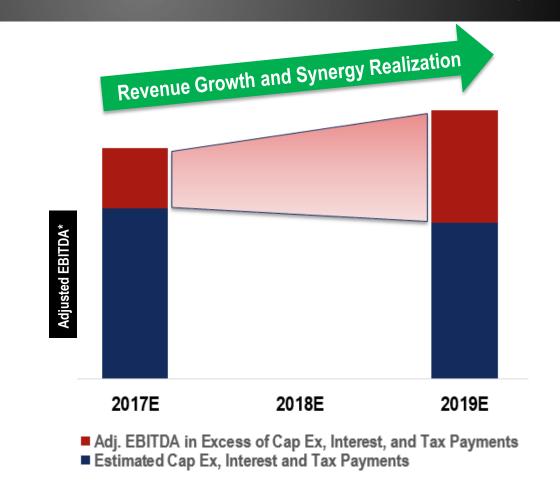


Note: Reflects company targets; (1) Reflects combined revolver availability and cash balance; (2) AAM expects minimal amortization and foreign debt payments *For definitions of terms, please see the attached appendix≈

Expected Pro Forma EBITDA vs. Cash Payments 🚱 🛗 🧰



- Targeting Adjusted EBITDA well above projected cash requirements
- Variable cost structure allows for flexibility during periods of lower volumes
- Positioned to be cash breakeven in a 25% - 30% downturn scenario

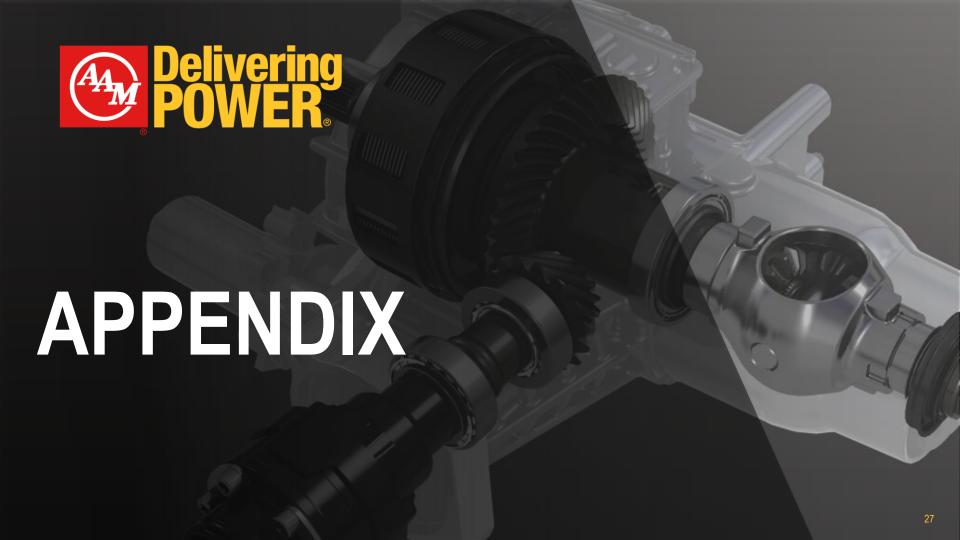


The New AAM





- Increased size and scale
- Customer and product diversification
- Enhanced geographic footprint
- Served market and content per vehicle expansion
- Strong profit and free cash flow margins
- Identifiable cost synergies of ≈\$100 120 million
- Extended debt maturity profile
- Strong liquidity position



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures



In addition to the results reported in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) included within this presentation, we have provided certain information, which includes non-GAAP financial measures. Such information is reconciled to its closest GAAP measure in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission rules and is included in the following slides.

Certain of the forward-looking financial measures included in this presentation are provided on a non-GAAP basis. A reconciliation of non-GAAP forward-looking financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP is not practical given the difficulty of projecting event driven transactional and other non-core operating items, as well as purchase price adjustments and their related effects in any future period. The magnitude of these items, however, may be significant.

Supplemental Data



Earnings before Interest Expense, Income Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA) and Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation (\$\\$\text{in millions}\)

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2017		2016	
Net income	\$	78.4	\$	61.1
Interest expense		25.5		23.6
Income tax expense		7.5		15.3
Depreciation and amortization		56.2		49.8
EBITDA		167.6		149.8
Restructuring and acquisition-related costs		16.0		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	183.6	\$	149.8
As % of net sales		17.5 %		15.5 %

Notes to Supplemental Data



We define EBITDA to be earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA excluding the impact of restructuring and acquisition-related costs. We believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are meaningful measures of performance as they are commonly utilized by management and investors to analyze operating performance and entity valuation. Our management, the investment community and the banking institutions routinely use EBITDA, together with other measures, to measure our operating performance relative to other Tier 1 automotive suppliers. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as income from operations, net income or cash flow from operating activities as determined under GAAP. Other companies may calculate EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA differently.

We define free cash flow to be net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures net of proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment. Adjusted free cash flow excludes the impact of cash payments for restructuring and acquisition-related costs and settlements of pre-existing accounts payable balances with acquired entities. We believe free cash flow and Adjusted free cash flow are meaningful measures as they are commonly utilized by management and investors to assess our ability to generate cash flow from business operations to repay debt and return capital to our stockholders. Free cash flow and Adjusted free cash flow are also key metrics used in our calculation of incentive compensation. Other companies may calculate free cash flow and Adjusted free cash flow differently.

We define net debt to be total debt, net less cash and cash equivalents. We define net leverage ratio to be net debt divided by Adjusted EBITDA. We believe that net leverage ratio is a meaningful measure of financial condition as it is commonly used by management, investors and creditors to assess capital structure risk. Other companies may calculate net leverage ratio differently.

We define US SAAR as the seasonally adjusted annual rate of light vehicle sales in the United States

We define CAGR to be the compound annual growth rate of sales.