

November 2023 Investor Presentation



Forward-Looking Statements



In this presentation, we make statements concerning our expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, goals, strategies, and future events or performance. Such statements are "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and relate to trends and events that may affect our future financial position and operating results. The terms such as "will," "may," "could," "would," "plan," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "project," "target," and similar words or expressions, as well as statements in future tense, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved. These forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these statements. These risks and uncertainties include factors detailed in the reports we file with the SEC, including those described under "Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this communication. We expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to disseminate any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained herein to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

It should also be noted that this information contains certain financial measures, including Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Earnings per Share, Adjusted Free Cash Flow, Net Leverage Ratio and Liquidity that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. These measures are presented here to provide additional useful measurements to review our operations, provide transparency to investors and enable period-to-period comparability of financial performance. A description of non-GAAP financial measures that we use to evaluate our operations and financial performance, and reconciliation of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and reported in accordance with GAAP, can be found in the appendix under "Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures."



AAM Overview



AAM - Quick Facts



Global-leader in design, engineering and manufacturing of automotive propulsion systems and technologies to support electric, hybrid and ICE vehicles



\$5.8B 2022 Revenue



~19,000 Employees



18 Countries



Over 80 Locations



14 Global Engineering and Tech Centers

DRIVELINE



- One of the leaders in hybrid and electric driveline solutions
- A Global Leader in
 - Full-size Pickup Truck and SUV Driveline Systems
 - AWD Systems for Crossover Vehicles
 - Damped Gears, Viscous
 Dampers and Rubber
 Isolation Pulleys
- Pioneer of Disconnecting AWD Systems

METAL FORMING



- Strong position in electrified propulsion components
- Leading automotive forger in the world
- A Global Leader in
 - Forged Gears & Shafts
 - CVT Pulleys
 - Powdered Metal Connecting Rods
 - Aluminum Valve Bodies
 - Machined Helical Gears
 - Differential Assemblies

3Q 2023 AAM Financial Highlights



\$1.55B
Quarterly
Sales

\$157M
Third Quarter
Adjusted EBITDA

\$136M Adjusted Free Cash Flow

AAM Delivered Solid Adjusted Free Cash Flow

Performance Overview (as of November 3, 2023)



			Quarter	Status	
3Q Year To Date Issues	Status Update	1-3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24
 Customer Production Volatility 	Situation is improving from prior years.Managing costs as disruptions occur.				
UAW Work Stoppage	Monitor the situation and restart of operations.				
Economic Recoveries	Continue discussions with OEMs to offset inflation costs.	•			
 Operational Challenges Labor Availability Output (scrap) Capacity Utilization Supply Chain 	 Turnaround actively led by COO / President. Dispatched additional operating teams to plants and suppliers. Labor availability challenges (including impact to maintenance) being addressed through active recruiting, necessary changes to compensation, and increased automation where feasible. Enhanced process improvements. Focus on improved plant loading. 				

Business Update











ELECTRIC Van

Skywell Auto awarded AAM to supply 2-in-1 e-Beam axles for a future van program starting in late 2024.

ELECTRIC Truck

AAM to supply e-Beam axles for a future 2.5T light electric truck program launching in 2025.

JETOUR (Chery)

AAM to provide power transfer units (PTU) and rear drive modules (RDM) for multiple AWD SUV programs beginning in 2024.

FAW Plug-In Hybrid

AAM to supply independent front axles for multiple plug-in hybrid vehicle models beginning in 2025.

2023 Financial Outlook (as of November 3, 2023)



2023 Financial Targets

Full Year Sales \$6.0 to \$6.1 billion

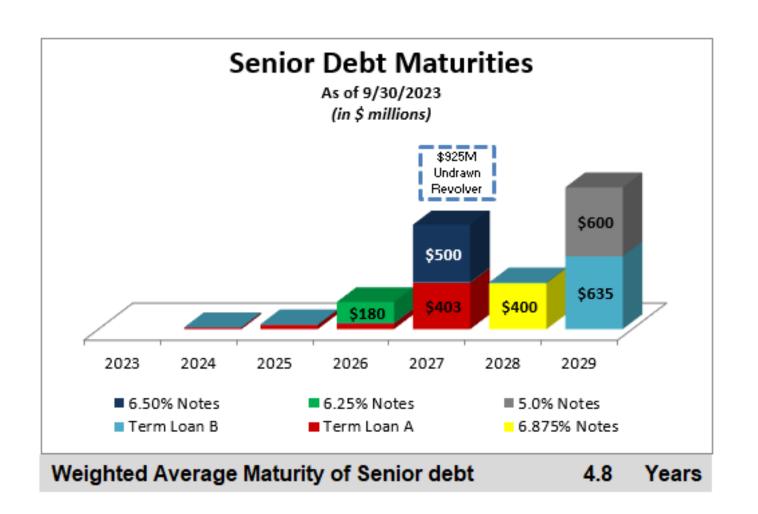
Adjusted EBITDA \$660 to \$685 million

Adjusted Free Cash Flow \$200 to \$215 million

- These targets are based on AAM's production estimates of key programs that we support and the current operating environment.
- Adjusted Free Cash Flow target assumes capital spending in the range of 3.0% 3.5% of sales.
- These targets assume production begins to resume during the first week of November from the UAW work stoppage and an estimated work stoppage impact of \$70 \$100 million in sales and \$25 \$40 million in adjusted EBITDA.
- AAM expects restructuring and acquisition-related cash payments to be between \$20 and \$30 million.

Debt Maturity Profile





AAM has a healthy debt maturity profile with minimal long-term maturities until 2026.

2022 Sustainability Report



Report Highlights

- New sustainability report was published in April 2023
- Achieved an A- on the CDP Climate Change survey
- Achieved Silver Status on the EcoVadis Sustainability Assessment
- Achieved SBTi validation of GHG Emissions goals
- Named one of America's Best Large Employers by Forbes
- Improved on all Safety Performance metrics
- Completed a sustainability materiality assessment
- Launched 17 major global product programs
- Hired our first Executive of Diversity, Equity and Inclusion



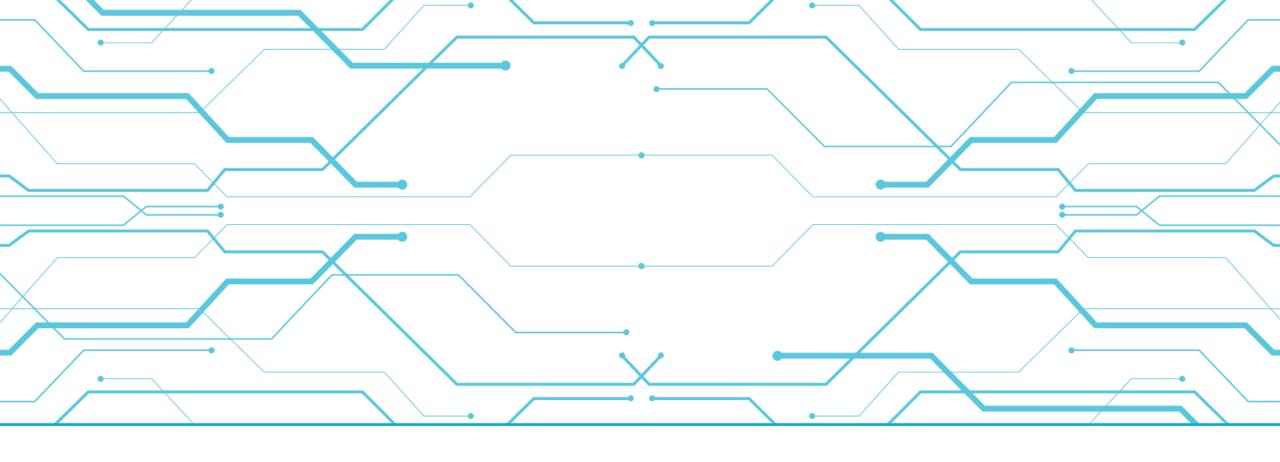
ENVIRONMENTAL

SOCIAL

PRODUCT

SUPPLY CHAIN

GOVERNANCE



Electrification Product Technology



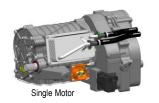
Scalable & Modular Platform



AAM's Next Generation Scalable & Modular Electric Drive Units support numerous

vehicle applications while optimizing capital and development costs











Scalable Power Levels

Modular Motor Construction

Various EDU Architectures

Multiple Gear Ratios

New Segment Opportunities

Optional Torque Vectoring & Disconnect

AAM Traditional Segments



P4 4WD ARCHITECTURE



P4 AWD ARCHITECTURE



P4 FWD ARCHITECTURE



P4 SPLIT AXLE HYBRID ARCHITECTURE



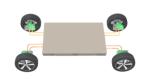
P3 HYBRID ARCHITECTURE



P4 AWD MPV ARCHITECTURE



P4 RWD ARCHITECTURE



P4 WHEEL END ARCHITECTURE



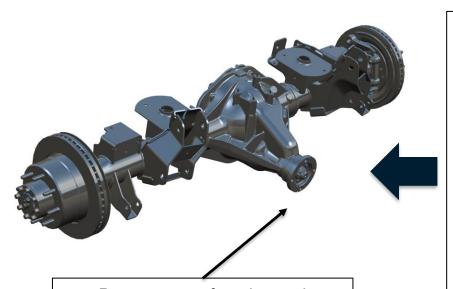
P4 4WD HD ARCHITECTURE



Beam Axle vs. E-Beam Axle



ICE Beam Axle



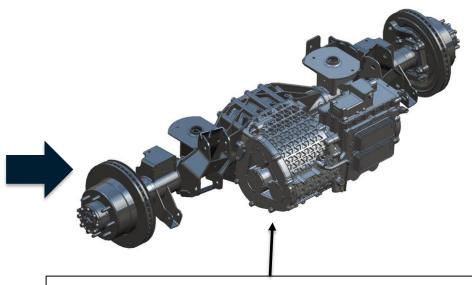
Power comes from internal combustion engine through the driveshaft

Similarities ICE vs. EV

- Component design and vehicle systems integration
- NVH excellence
- Tubes, structural members and suspension interface
- Differential assembly
- Axle shafts
- Wheel hubs and brakes
- Hypoid gears (ICE) replaced with helical gears (EV)

E-Beam Axle

Significant CPV Potential



eDU (motor, inverter, gearbox) is integrated into the beam axle; electric power comes from battery

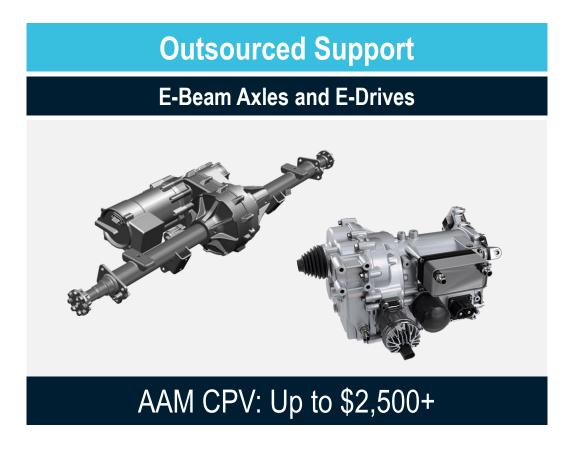
Additional content includes park lock, software and controls, and multi-speed gearboxes with shift systems

Competitive Advantage and Deep Understanding in Beam Axles Well Position AAM for the e-Beam Segment

Note: Graphics are for illustrative purposes only. Not drawn to scale.

Growth and Significant CPV Opportunity in EV







AAM is Positioned to Support All OEM Sourcing Strategies

AAM Key Electrification Awards & Technology



Electric Beam Axles

Stellantis Electric Vehicle Program

- Front and Rear e-Beam Axles
- 3-in-1 configuration

Jupiter Electric Mobility

• 2-in-1 configuration

Pinnacle Mobility EKA

• 3-in-1 configuration

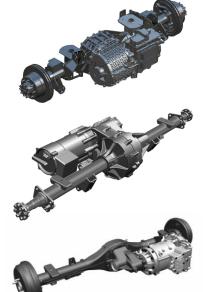
Skywell Electric Van

• 2-in-1 configuration

Mahindra 2.5T Truck

Offset bolt-on design

Note: depicted e-Beam axles are for illustrative purposes only



Latter
Part of the
Decade
Launch

Mid-Decade Launch

2024 Launch

2025 Launch

2-in-1 Electric Drive Units

AMG High-Performance Luxury (Europe)

- P3 Hybrid Electric Drive Unit
- 160kW Peak Power
- 2-speed Concentric Gearbox Design
- Integrated TracRite® eLSD



3-in-1 Electric Drive Units (Platform)

AAM Next Generation 3-in-1 eDrive

- P4 Platform Wheel End Electric Drive Units
- 4x 100kW Units per Vehicle
- Compact Offset Gearbox Design
- Integrated SiC MOSFET Inverter

AAM / Inovance 3-in-1 eDrive (China)

- P4 Platform Electric Drive Units
- Scalable Power Levels (100-145kW)
- Offset Gearbox Design
- Optional Park Lock





Mid-decade Launch



Multiple
Programs
Awarded &
Launched

Electric Drive Components

Electric Drive Unit Differentials

- Multiple Chinese BEV Car & SUV Awards
- Multiple NA and Europe Light Vehicle Awards
- North American BEV Semi-Truck Application

Planetary Geartrain

Supply Volvo Cars with electric drive gears







2030 Electrification Market Share Goal



Target >10% Share Of Our Estimated Addressable Market By 2030

Combined with a strong foundational ICE business, AAM revenues have opportunity to grow through 2030

Heritage of quality, technology leadership and operational excellence.

Similar outsourcing dynamics between our legacy and electrification business.
Legacy market share > 10%.

Broad portfolio in electric drives (including e-beam axles) and components allow for full participation in OEM sourcing strategies.

Broad geographical footprint supports market share growth in Asia and Europe while maintaining strong NA position.

Robust innovative product platform serving multiple vehicle segments.

Higher outsourcing probability and share opportunity for e-beam axles.

AAM Long-Term Value Creation



Diversification	 Balanced mix of customers and geography. Expand our product portfolio, driving opportunities with new OEMs and regions. Agnostic to propulsion market changes.
Sales	 Grow above market by leveraging scale and technology. Electrification will further drive expansion into new segments. Protect and extend the core business. Offer a compelling value proposition to customers.
\$ Financials	 Leverage AAM's Operating Systems to drive top tier EBITDA margin and cash flow generation. Enhance balance sheet strength.
Long-Term Focus	 Leader in electric propulsion technology. Increase size and scale through organic and inorganic growth. Effective deployment of capital.





Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures



In addition to the results reported in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) included within this presentation, we have provided certain information, which includes non-GAAP financial measures. Such information is reconciled to its closest GAAP measure in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission rules and is included in the following slides.

Certain of the forward-looking financial measures included in this earnings release are provided on a non-GAAP basis. A reconciliation of non-GAAP forward-looking financial measures to the most directly comparable forward-looking financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP has been provided. The amounts in these reconciliations are based on our current estimates and actual results may differ materially from these forward-looking estimates for many reasons, including potential event driven transactional and other non-core operating items and their related effects in any future period, the magnitude of which may be significant.



EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation (\$ in millions)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2023		2022		2023		2022
Net income (loss)	\$	(17.4)	\$	26.5	\$	(14.5)	\$	50.4
Interest expense		50.8		44.8		151.5		132.2
Income tax expense (benefit)		(2.0)		(5.7)		3.3		(2.1)
Depreciation and amortization		120.4		124.8		365.8		367.1
EBITDA		151.8		190.4		506.1		547.6
Restructuring and acquisition-related costs		3.5		7.9		16.2		26.4
Debt refinancing and redemption costs		0.3		0.2		0.3		6.0
Unrealized loss on equity securities		1.2		2.3		1.2		24.0
Non-recurring items:								
Malvern fire insurance recoveries, net		-		(1.0)		-		(6.4)
Acquisition-related fair value inventory adjustment		-		-		-		5.0
Gain on bargain purchase of business		-		(1.4)		-		(13.0)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	156.8	\$	198.4	\$	523.8	\$	589.6
Sales		1,551.9		1,535.2		4,616.5		4,409.7
as a % of net sales		10.1%		12.9%		11.3%		13.4%



Trailing Twelve

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA for the Trailing Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2023 (\$ in millions)

	Quarter Ended					Mon	ths Ended			
	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Ma	arch 31, 2023		une 30, 2023	•	ember 30, 2023	Sept	ember 30, 2023
Net income (loss)	\$	13.9	\$	(5.1)	\$	8.0	\$	(17.4)	\$	(0.6)
Interest expense		42.3		50.5		50.2		50.8		193.8
Income tax expense (benefit)		4.1		-		5.3		(2.0)		7.4
Depreciation and amortization		125.0		124.9		120.5		120.4		490.8
EBITDA		185.3		170.3		184.0		151.8		691.4
Restructuring and acquisition-related costs		3.8		4.8		7.9		3.5		20.0
Debt refinancing and redemption costs		0.4		-		-		0.3		0.7
Unrealized loss (gain) on equity securities		1.5		0.3		(0.3)		1.2		2.7
Non-recurring items: Malvern fire insurance recoveries, net		(32.7)		-		-		-		(32.7)
Gain on bargain purchase of business		(0.6)								(0.6)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	157.7	\$	175.4	\$	191.6	\$	156.8	\$	681.5
Sales		1,392.7		1,493.9		1,570.7		1,551.9		6,009.2
as a % of net sales		11.3%		11.7%		12.2%		10.1%		11.3%

^{*}Please refer to definition of Non-GAAP measures.



Adjusted Earnings (Loss) Per Share Reconciliation

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Mon			
		2023		2022	2023		2022
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	(0.15)	\$	0.22	\$ (0.12)	\$	0.42
Restructuring and acquisition-related costs		0.04		0.07	0.14		0.22
Debt refinancing and redemption costs		-		-	-		0.05
Unrealized loss on equity securities		0.01		0.02	0.01		0.20
Non-recurring items:							
Malvern fire insurance recoveries, net		-		(0.01)	-		(0.05)
Acquisition-related fair value inventory adjustment		-		-	-		0.04
Gain on bargain purchase of business		-		(0.01)	-		(0.11)
Tax effect of adjustments		(0.01)		(0.02)	 (0.03)		(0.10)
Adjusted earnings (loss) per share	\$	(0.11)	\$	0.27	\$ -	\$	0.67



Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow Reconciliation (\$ in millions)

		Three Mor Septem			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2023 2022		2023 2022 2023		2023	2022	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	178.3	\$	85.2	\$	343.2	\$	300.4
Capital expenditures net of proceeds from the sale of property, plant								
and equipment		(47.5)		(46.6)		(137.8)		(113.6)
Free cash flow		130.8		38.6		205.4		186.8
Cash payments for restructuring and acquisition-related costs		5.0		4.7		16.1		21.2
Cash payments (insurance proceeds) related to Malvern fire, net				2.5		(7.0)		6.0
Adjusted free cash flow	\$	135.8	\$	45.8	\$	214.5	\$	214.0



Net Debt and Net Leverage Ratio (\$ in millions)

	Sept	ember 30, 2023
Current portion of long term debt	\$	24.5
Long-term debt, net		2,833.9
Total debt, net		2,858.4
Less: Cash and cash equivalents		615.6
Net debt at end of period		2,242.8
Adjusted LTM EBITDA	\$	681.5
Net Leverage Ratio		3.3x



Segment Financial Information (\$ in millions)

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2023		2022	2023			2022
Segment Sales								
Driveline	\$	1,061.2	\$	1,043.2	\$	3,161.5	\$	3,113.3
Metal Forming		624.8		634.1		1,878.1		1,716.9
Total Sales		1,686.0		1,677.3		5,039.6		4,830.2
Intersegment Sales		(134.1)		(142.1)		(423.1)		(420.5)
Net External Sales	\$	1,551.9	\$	1,535.2	\$	4,616.5	\$	4,409.7
Segment Adjusted EBITDA								
Driveline	\$	137.3	\$	137.0	\$	403.5	\$	392.2
Metal Forming		19.5		61.4		120.3		197.4
Total Segment Adjusted EBITDA	\$	156.8	\$	198.4	\$	523.8	\$	589.6



Net loss
Interest expense
Income tax expense
Depreciation and amortization
Full year 2023 targeted EBITDA
Restructuring and acquisition-related costs
Full year 2023 targeted Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA							
Lov	v End	Hig	h End				
	(in mil	lions)					
\$	(65)	\$	(45)				
	200		200				
	15		20				
	490		490				
	640		665				
	20		20				
\$	660	\$	685				

Net cash provided by operating activities
Capital expenditures net of proceeds from the sale of property,
plant and equipment
Full year 2023 targeted Free Cash Flow
Cash payments for restructuring and acquisition-related costs
Other
Full year 2023 targeted Adjusted Free Cash Flow

Adjusted Free Cash Flow							
Lo	w End	Hig	h End				
	(in mi	llions)					
\$	380	\$	395				
	(200)		(200)				
	180		195				
	25		25				
	(5)		(5)				
\$	200	\$	215				

Definition of Non-GAAP Measures



EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

We define EBITDA to be earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA excluding the impact of restructuring and acquisition-related costs, debt refinancing and redemption costs, loss on sale of a business, pension settlements, unrealized gains or losses on equity securities and non-recurring items. We believe that EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are meaningful measures of performance as they are commonly utilized by management and investors to analyze operating performance and entity valuation. Our management, the investment community and the banking institutions routinely use EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA, together with other measures, to measure our operating performance relative to other Tier 1 automotive suppliers. We also use Segment Adjusted EBITDA as the measure of earnings to assess the performance of each segment and determine the resources to be allocated to the segments. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are also key metrics used in our calculation of incentive compensation. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as income from operations, net income or cash flow from operating activities as determined under GAAP. Other companies may calculate EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA differently.

Adjusted Earnings (Loss) Per Share

We define Adjusted earnings (loss) per share to be diluted earnings (loss) per share excluding the impact of restructuring and acquisition-related costs, debt refinancing and redemption costs, loss on sale of a business, pension settlements, unrealized gains or losses on equity securities and non-recurring items, including the tax effect thereon. We believe Adjusted earnings (loss) per share is a meaningful measure as it is commonly utilized by management and investors in assessing ongoing financial performance that provides improved comparability between periods through the exclusion of certain items that management believes are not indicative of core operating performance and which may obscure underlying business results and trends. Other companies may calculate Adjusted earnings (loss) per share differently.

Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow

We define free cash flow to be net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures net of proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment. Adjusted free cash flow is defined as free cash flow excluding the impact of cash payments for restructuring and acquisition-related costs and cash payments related to the Malvern fire, including payments for capital expenditures, net of recoveries. We believe free cash flow and Adjusted free cash flow are meaningful measures as they are commonly utilized by management and investors to assess our ability to generate cash flow from business operations to repay debt and return capital to our stockholders. Free cash flow and Adjusted free cash flow are also key metrics used in our calculation of incentive compensation. Other companies may calculate free cash flow and Adjusted free cash flow differently.

Net Debt and Net Leverage Ratio

We define net debt to be total debt, net less cash and cash equivalents. We define Net Leverage Ratio to be net debt divided by the trailing 12 months of Adjusted EBITDA. We believe that Net Leverage Ratio is a meaningful measure of financial condition as it is commonly used by management, investors and creditors to assess capital structure risk. Other companies may calculate Net Leverage Ratio differently.

Liquidity

We define Liquidity as cash on hand plus amounts available on our revolving credit facility and foreign credit facilities.

US SAAR

We define US SAAR as the seasonally adjusted annual rate of light vehicle sales in the United States.



